Layout for checkpoint restart on specialized blades

Slurm User Group 2018

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Motivations

Why checkpoint restart

- Increasing HPC systems size => increasing allocations size
- A single (hardware) failure may affect huge applications and loss of hours of run
- Checkpoint and restart well-known
 - need shared filesystem
 - overhead on implementation
 - overhead on run
 - restart mechanism needed
- Target: ease of use for final user



Motivations

Atos: hardware and software provider

- Specialized blades for Bull Sequana
- Open-Source and well known checkpoint-restart tool (FTI)
- Dedicated software for checkpoint/restart
 - Adding a Layout to Slurm
 - Scripts for blades management





PCIe switches and FTI

Sequana Blades

- 3 nodes per blade
 - Management
 - Redundant
 - no role
- 3 disks per blade
 - connected to 1 node
- PCIe switch
 - Peripheral Component Interconnect Express
 - controlled with Bull PCIe
 Switch Management
 - info, activate, migrate/grab







PCIe switches and FTI

- ► Fault Tolerance Interface
- Multi-level checkpoint/restart library
 - 4 levels
 - local (SSD, fatest, low reliability)
 - neighbor (replication, fast copy, tolerates single node crashes)
 - Reed-Solomon shared data (Encoded, quite slow, very reliable)
 - parallel filesystem (Slowest, most reliable)
 - API
 - Init/finalise (need MPI)
 - Protect (defined pointer to protect)
 - Checkpoint level, recover



PCIe switches and FTI

- Node reordering
 - usefull when restart
 - MPI_Comm_World => FTI_Comm_World
- Dedicated post-processing process
 - limit overhead (on non local checkpoints)
- Protected variables updates
 - support reallocation (moved memory, increased size)
- Uniq Id to restart from checkpoint

► Focusing on level 1



Hardware needs software

- Blade aware allocation
- Recover data from failing nodes





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Architecture inside Slurm

Needs

- to be aware (and use) relationship between PCIe switches and nodes
- to be aware of roles of nodes
- to be aware of previous allocation for restarting step
- propagate failure information in epilog scripts
- select plugin based on cons_res
 - contains PCIe aware node selection
 - performs reselection when job Restarts
 - only used if configured in slurm.conf & designated by the job
 - also contains additional Atos/Bull specific enhancements
- PCIe description by a dedicated layout



Slurm Layouts Framework

From CEA slides of Slurm User Group 2015 (Matthieu Hautreux)

- Started in 2012 and introduced in 14.11
- Goals
 - Add a generic/extensible way to describe facets of supercomputers
 - Propose facets details to the resource manager for
 - Advanced management
 - Advanced scheduling
 - Ease facets information update to take into account system dynamics



New layout

- Type=Center|Switch|Node
 - Center is the type for the Cluster entity
 - Switch is the type for a PCIe switch entity
 - Node is the type for a compute node entity connected to a PCIe switch.
- Enclosed=<nodelist>
 - <nodelist> (for switches) is the list of compute nodes connected to this PCIe switch entity.
- Role=Manager|Backup|Other
 - Manager, Backup and Other are the three possible roles for a node on a PCIe switch
 - Each switch must be configured with one node for each role.



New layout example



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Submission and environment variable

- sbatch [--checkpoint_restart] --exclusive [<other options>] script
 - only sbatch
 - needs (forces) exclusive
 - compatible with everything (almost... -w/--nodelist)
- Environment variables
 - SLURM_PREV_NODES names of nodes previously allocated to job (new)
 - SLURM_RESTART_COUNT indicates restarting
 - existing but exported in epilog
 - SLURM_JOB_DOWN_NODES



Allocation rules

- With checkpoint restart option
 - Allocate at least the Manager AND the Backup nodes of the same blades
 - Allocate a maximum of full blades
 - Fail if not possible (wait in queue)
- Without checkpoint restart
 - prefer the not complete blades and other nodes
- Restart
 - reallocate other blade(s) to replace if possible
 - if not possible, requeue (as usual checkpoint-restart)

Allocation and restart Epilog

- Bash script in job epilog, run on all nodes
 - Am I a "checkpointable" job
 - Does the job fail ?
 - check SLURM_JOB_DOWN_NODES
 - is blades concerned ?
 - check SLURM_JOB_DOWN_NODES ∩ SLURM_JOB_NODELIST
 - I'm the Manager
 - I take control of the disk from the down node (API)
 - I'm the Backup & the down node is the Manager
 - I take control of the PCIe and I do as previous (API)
 - Move the last checkpoints to persistant file system



Validation

- Slurm 17.11
- Internal functional validation
- External validation with cooperation with CEA
- Scalability on simulated (multiple-slurmd)
 - 5040 nodes
 - light-ESP workload
 - comparison with/without configuration and option



without



System utilization for Light ESP synthetic workload on 5040 nodes Intel-Cluster and NOT DESIGNATING --checkpoint-restart (base1) on dev-17.11.5-Bull.1.0pOC



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Conclusion with

- Layout configurated for all nodes
- All jobs started with the new option

Number of Cores

 No failure on nodes (no restart)



System utilization for Light ESP synthetic workload on 5040 nodes Intel-Cluster and DESIGNATING --checkpoint-restart (cr1) on dev-17.11.5-Bull.1.0pOC



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To the community

- Behavior and new environment variables
- Layout very Atos hardware dependent
 - need to be more generic (blades of 3 nodes)
 - need to generalize roles (manager, backup, other)
- Adapt to cons_tres ?



Thanks

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